### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA RICHLAND DIVISION

Jennifer McCray, Plaintiff,	CASE NO.:
v.	COMPLAINT (Jury Trial Requested)
W.B. Guimarin & Co., Inc.,	
Defendant.	

The Plaintiff, complaining of the Defendant, would show unto this Honorable Court as follows:

### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 1. This Complaint arises out of violations of the Family and Medical Leave Act, 29 U.S.C. §2601, et. seq. (hereinafter "FMLA").
- 2. The Plaintiff, Jennifer McCray, is a citizen of the State of South Carolina, resides in Charleston County, South Carolina and is entitled to the protections of the FMLA on account of her need for and use of leave protected by the Act.
- 3. The Defendant, W.B. Guimarin & Co., Inc., upon information and belief, is a domestic corporation organized and operating under the laws of the State of South Carolina.
  - 4. The Defendant is an industry that affects commerce within the meaning of the FMLA.
  - 5. The Defendant is a "person" within the meaning of the FMLA.
- 6. The Defendant employs fifty (50) or more employees and is an "employer" within the meaning of the FMLA.
- 7. All employment practices alleged herein were committed within the State of South Carolina.
- 8. The Defendant owns and operates a business in this judicial district and all of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims hereunder occurred in this judicial district. Therefore, venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391.
- 9. This court has jurisdiction to hear and determine this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1331 (federal question).
- 10. Therefore, the parties, subject matter and all things hereinafter alleged are within the jurisdiction of this Court.

#### **STATEMENT OF FACTS**

- 11. On or about February 17, 2020, the Plaintiff began working for Defendant. At all times during her employment, the Plaintiff was efficient and effective in her work.
- 12. During her employment, the Plaintiff suffered from multiple urological conditions which constitute a serious health condition as defined by the FMLA.
- 13. On or about March 25, 2021, the Plaintiff, out of medical necessity, presented to the Emergency Department at Roper Hospital in Charleston due to severe pelvic and flank pain. She immediately contacted her supervisor, Bryan Bochette, and continued to provide him with status updates throughout the next few days.
- 14. The Plaintiff underwent surgery on March 27, 2021 and was ordered out of work by her physician from March 27, 2021 through May 3, 2021.
- 15. While remaining in constant contact with her employer and attempting to obtain the requisite paperwork from her physicians, the Plaintiff was terminated on April 5, 2021.
- 16. The Plaintiff's termination was in direct interference with the rights afforded to her under the FMLA and in retaliation for seeking leave to which she was entitled.

# FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION Violation of the Family and Medical Leave Act – Interference

- 17. The Plaintiff reiterates each and every allegation above as if fully repeated herein.
- 18. As alleged above, Plaintiff satisfactorily performed her essential and fundamental job functions and was an exemplary employee in all respects. Upon her request, she was entitled to take leave pursuant to the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (29 U.S.C. §2601, et. seq.).
- 19. Defendant's discipline against Plaintiff and discharge of her employment as a result of her having taken such leave is a violation of her rights under said statute(s).
- 20. By promptly terminating the Plaintiff, the Defendant failed to provide adequate medical leave as required by the FMLA and thus interfered with her attempt to secure and utilize such leave.
- 21. The Defendant's actions were done willfully, maliciously, wantonly and recklessly in an intentional action designed to damage the Plaintiff.
- 22. Accordingly, Plaintiff is informed and believes that due to the acts of the Defendant, she is entitled to injunctive relief and civil damages, including lost wages and benefits together with interest thereon, front pay and liquidated damages, as well as reasonable attorney's fees and costs for the bringing of this action.

# FOR A SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION Violation of the Family and Medical Leave Act – Retaliation

- 23. The Plaintiff reiterates each and every allegation above as if fully repeated herein.
- 24. Defendant's discipline against Plaintiff and discharge of her employment as a result of her having taken such leave is a violation of her rights under said statute.
- 25. The aforesaid conduct of Defendant, its agents and servants, violates United States laws against retaliatory discharge; was, in fact, retaliatory in nature; and was in violation of Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (29 U.S.C. §2601, et. seq.).
- 26. The Defendant's actions were done willfully, maliciously, wantonly and recklessly in an intentional action designed to damage the Plaintiff.
- 27. Accordingly, Plaintiff is informed and believes that due to the acts of the Defendant, she is entitled to injunctive relief and civil damages, including lost wages and benefits together with interest thereon, front pay and liquidated damages, as well as reasonable attorney's fees and costs for the bringing of this action.

### **RELIEF REQUESTED**

Plaintiff requests a judgment by this Court against Defendant as follows:

- 1. Judgment in favor of the Plaintiff and against Defendant for all causes of action;
- 2. Judgment in favor of the Plaintiff and against Defendant for back pay she would have earned (with related monetary benefits and interest thereon) had she been kept in her proper employment;
- 3. Judgment in favor of the Plaintiff and against Defendant for front pay and any other work benefits she lost in an amount to be determined by the trier of fact;
- 4. Judgment in favor of the Plaintiff and against Defendant for liquidated or punitive damages in an amount to be determined at the trial of this matter;
- 5. An award to the Plaintiff for reinstatement to her former position; and
- 6. For such other and further relief as this Court deems just, proper and allowable by statute, case law or otherwise.

[SIGNATURE BLOCK ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

## WIGGER LAW FIRM, INC.

s/Emily Hanewicz Tong

Emily Hanewicz Tong (Fed. I.D. #12177) Attorney for Plaintiff 8086 Rivers Avenue, Suite A North Charleston, SC 29406 t: (843) 553-9800

f: (843) 203-1496

e: ehtong@wiggerlawfirm.com

North Charleston, South Carolina April 5, 2023.